

A Semi-annual publication of the Louisiana Society Sons of the American Revolution Vol. 5, No. 2

Celebrating 127 years Louisiana Society Sons of the American Revolution organized May 15, 1890



President's Message

Compatriots,

The State Meeting will be held Friday and Saturday, April 20 and 21, 2018 at the Belle of Baton Rouge Hotel and Atrium. The Registration form for the meeting is attached at the end of this edition of the <u>Pelican Patriot</u>.



The deadline for Registration is Friday April 13th.

I look forward to seeing you in Baton Rouge.

In Patriotic Service,

Henry Grace

THE BATTALIONS OF MIXED RACE AND FREE BLACKS FROM HAVANA: TWO SOLDIER LISTS FROM THE GÁLVEZ CAMPAIGN OF 1781

translated and transcribed by Mary Anthony Long Startz and Molly Long Fernandez de Mesa

The following documents included here are found in Legajo 274 from the Papeles Procedentes de Cuba, on microfilm at The Clayton Library Collection, Houston Texas. These two list of soldiers can be found on folios 1194-1197.

Leading up to the Battle of Pensacola, Havana played a very important role in providing both troops and supplies for the Gálvez expedition. These lists of soldiers were on two ships that arrived in New Orleans on 20 February 1781, a week before Governor Bernardo de GÁLVEZ and his fleet left Havana heading towards Pensacola. The 32 ships that GÁLVEZ led sailed from Havana on 28 February 1781.

When GÁLVEZ set sail from Havana to Pensacola, 18 ships left New Orleans, setting sail for the Port of Balize to wait for orders from GÁLVEZ. Additional troops arrived in Mobile to join GÁLVEZ once his ships arrived safely just off Pensacola on Santa Rosa Island.²

The first ship list consists of a total 53 soldiers commanded by Captain Christoval CARQUES.

Free Mixed Race Battalion from Havana

List of the company of light infantry from the referred corps destined for the Pensacola expedition on the brig San Juan Bautista

Captain Christoval CARQUES
Lieutenant Antonio ALVAREZ
Sergeant Bruno de FLORES
Sergeant Luis PIMIENTA
Drummer Josef Miguel JAQUES
1st Corporal Estevan ROMANO
Marcos CAMACHO

Andres FERNANDEZ
Angel RODRIQUEZ

¹ Carmen de Reparaz, Yo Solo: Bernardo de Gálvez y la toma de Panzacola en 1781, originally published in Spanish, 1986, by Ediciones de Cultura Hispanica – AECFI-ICI, published by the same in English, 1993, p. 56.

² de Reparaz, p. 58.

Josef ALVAREZ Geronimo BIÑA Fibursio de SOTO Josef CORREA Man¹ GOMEZ Franco BALMAZEDA

2nd Corporal

2nd Corporal

Josef ALPIZAR

Bernardo PEREZ

Victoriano RODRIGUEZ

Martin BESAMA

Juan TAPIA

Gregorio CARQUES Bernardo ORTEGA Josef Mª de SOTO Fran^{co} RANGEL Man^l DOBLES

hospital

hospital

Josef ORTIZ

Franco JAQUES

Josef TOBAR

Franco del CASTILLO
Juan Evangta DIAZ
Josef GALLOVER
Santiago SAVIÑON
Marcelo RAVELO
Franco de SOTO

Juan Jph de la LUZ

Man CHIRINOS

Man¹ AQUINO Anastacio PELAES

Juan BARRETO

Miguel MARTINEZ

Josef Man GUERRA

Juan APONTE

Man' de la ROSA

Ramon BALDEZ

Felipe GARCIA

Eugenio SUAREZ

Josef CALZADA

Juan MORALES

Tomas de la ROSA

Franco GARABAN

Juan de PINA

Claudio NOROÑA

Juan DIAZ

New Orleans, 20 February 1781 /s/ Joseph PANZANO

 Summary
 2

 Officers
 2

 Sergeants
 2

 Drummers
 1

 Corporals and Soldiers
 48

 Total
 53

The second ship list consists of a total of 85 soldiers under the command of Captain Andres GUTIERREZ.

Company of soldiers of the Battalion of Free Negroes from Havana. List of Officers and troops that the said company has on board the frigate *Nuestra Senora de la Merced* destined for the expedition under the command of Field Marshal Bernardo de GALVEZ.

Captain Andres GUTIERREZ Lieutenant Josep MUÑOZ 2nd Lieutenant Juan Daniel de RIBERA 1st Sergeant Man^l Baltazar BIAM^{TE} 2nd Sergeant Juan Josef MUÑOZ 2nd Sergeant Josef POBEA Drummer Pablo Josef CORTEZ Fifer Francisco MONZON Bernabé SERRANO Lazaro BAYONA sick in hospital Bruno CASTILLA Jose AGUIAR Corporal Manuel de PRADOS Simeon STA CRUZ Gregorio ABILES Corporal Prudencio de TAPIA sick in hospital Rafael GALERA Corporal Vicente POBEA Juan CURASAO sick in hospital Manuel de CAMPOS Josef Rafael PEREZ Corporal Ambrosio FUNES Corporal Josef Teodoro del ROSARIO Isidoro STA CRUZ Tomas MENOCAL Manuel de BELEN Joaquin RODRIGUEZ Ignacio RODRIGUEZ Corporal Andres del TORO

Franco Chacon MANDINGA

sick in hospital

Antonio COLON

Blas MELGAREJO

Corporal Antonio RAMIREZ

Manuel PEREZ

Corporal Josef de la LUZ

Toribio RIBERO Julian CASTILLA Blas CHACON

Josef Nicolas NUNEZ

Corporal Santiago FACUNDO Corporal Augustin ALMANSA

Fernando GUARDIA

Corporal Pedro BASCONCELOS

Juan Phe de los SANTOS Esteban ESCOBAR Andres ALARCON

Antonio SUAREZ Ciriaco BAYONA

Manuel de la LUZ

Corporal Cristobal BALENZUELA

Antonio LEONAR
Cayetano de LEON
Marcelo ARTIAGA

Juan de Dios de TORRES

Miguel RUIZ

Josef Manuel RAPUN

Anto MIÑAN

Josef Anto CALDERON

Pedro VILLAFRANCA

Ant^o RAPUN

Jose Maria de la CRUZ

Ant^o CASTELLANOS

Josef AROSTEGUI

Man de la Cruz PINTO

Tomas COTILLA

Domingo ALARCON

Domingo LARROCHA

Rafael BARRERA

Juan Ant^o INGLES

Juan Ant^o BALIENTE

Matias DORAL

Pedro Martir SAMARTIN

Franco de PRADOS

Ciprian MOLINA

Anto RUIZ

Bernardo RAMOS

Juan Josef CHAVARRIA

Juan de Dios de BARGAS Ambrosio de SAYAS Matias GELABOR Tomas SAN JUSTO sick in hospital

Light Infantry

Corporal

Ignacio de SOTO
Josef Pascacio ACOSTA
Bentura SANSON
Juan Man¹ de la PEÑA
Domingo PALACIAN
Juan Pasqual PEREZ
Josef PEREZ

Total 89

Headquarters Staff Added for His Majesty

Commandant Infantry Lieutenant with the name and function of ____? Don Ramon FERRER

Summary	
Sergeants	3
Drummer and Fifer	2
Corporals and Soldiers	75
Sick in hospital	5
Total	85

New Orleans 20 February 1781

/s/ Ramon FERRER

Le Raconteur

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The Pierre Georges Rousseau Chapter, LSSAR held their "Victory at Yorktown" Dinner on October 12, 2017 at Mac's on Boston in Covington, LA. Their speaker was Dr. Samantha Cavell, a Visiting Assistant Professor in Military at Southeastern Louisiana University. Her topic was ""Hubris and Hurricanes: The Royal Navy's failure at Yorktown". She received her PhD in naval and maritime history from the University of Exeter in the UK where she received the Exeter Research Fellowship. She has been a guest lecturer at the National Maritime Museum, Greenwich in the UK, Oxford University, and the U.S. Naval Academy at Annapolis. Her publications include *Midshipmen and Quarterdeck Boys in the British Navy*, and contributions to *The Battle of New Orleans Reconsidered*. She was recently named as a member of the Historian General's Committee of the Naval Order of the United States.



James Huey Chapter, SAR, in West Monroe, presented it's George S. & Stella M. Knight Essay Contest winner, Lydia George, with a certificate, American Flag, and a check for \$100 at their October 24th meeting at BBQ West in West Monroe. Pictured with Lydia George are Steve Ray and Fred Hamilton.

The Donativo Project – National Society Daughters of the American Revolution

by Mary Anthony Startz

Volume 17 of the Donativos from the American Revolution in the AGN records from Mexico City are now searchable on the Daughters of the American Revolution's Website. They are indexed in the Revolutionary War Patriot Records Project Index. To view these records, go to www.dar.org. In the Genealogical Research System, look for and select the tab across the top right on the page called 'Rev War'. Once you arrive at the Revolutionary War Records page, select the Patriot Records Project Index. Type in a Surname, then click on the small blue image to the left of the name. The actual Donativo page will appear. You can scroll both forward and backwards through the pages. Some of the names have locations associated with them and some do not. Many that have been reviewed are from towns in central and southern present-day Mexico.

There are two and a half more volumes in the archives in Mexico City that the NSDAR recently had copied. They will begin being indexed soon.

The National Society Daughters of the American Revolution Spanish Task Force Members Molly Long Fernandez de Mesa and Mary Anthony Long Startz copied Volume 17 of the Donativo List in the Archivo General de la Nacion in June of 2014. The sisters took over 600 photos of the pages of this volume of the 'Donativo' list.

The *Donativos* were a voluntary donation collected to raise funds to help the Spanish government with the war effort. A royal decree was issued in 1780 by Carlos III, then King of Spain and the money was used to help fight the British and support the colonists in their war for independence. People who have ancestors that rendered aid through paying a Donativo are eligible for membership in National Society Daughters of the American Revolution and the Sons of the American Revolution. For more information contact malstartz@outlook.com.

(September 2017) Published with permission of author

Re-enactment of the Battle of Baton Rouge Galvez Plaza, Sunday, September 24, 2017, 2 p.m. Sponsored by Sons of the American Revolution & East Baton Rouge Parish Public Library







The General Philemon Thomas Chapter Sons of the American Revolution Constitution Week Banquet Friday September 23, 2017

The General Philemon Thomas Chapter – Sons of the American Revolution celebrated Constitution Week with a banquet, Friday September 23, 2017. The Honorable Garret Graves, Congressman of the 6th District of Louisiana was key note speaker. His presentation was how the current working of the Congress might not be recognized by our Founding Fathers who wrote the Constitution. He spoke of how the contentious attitude of both parties, and in some cases, within each party has had a detrimental impact on the work in both houses. The lack of civility is a big negative. He provided some insight into the key bills now in Congress such as Medical care, taxes, and regulations.

After his prepared remarks, he answered many varied questions from the audience. He also provided an update on Congressman Steve Scalise who was badly injured in the recent shooting on the ball field. He said that Scalise has had many surgeries and procedures and is now in a rehab facility near DC. He is still very active and communicates with colleagues every day. He is eager to return to work on the floor but his full recovery may take some time. Even after the formal proceeding were over, Congressman Graves continued for some time to provide answers to many individual questions.



The Banquet was well attended at the Baton Rouge Country Club and all had a good time.

The General Philemon Thomas Chapter Sons of the American Revolution Constitution Week Banquet Friday September 23, 2017 continued

LSSAR and General Philemon Thomas Chapter Chancellor John McKay awarded the Congressman a Certificate of Appreciation for his dedication to his constituents in Louisiana





In other business at the Banquet, LASSAR President

– Mr. Henry Grace, awarded the Silver Medal of Appreciation to Louisiana Daughters of the American Revolution State Regent, Mrs. Zora Olsson.

Sotana Negra (Black Robe)

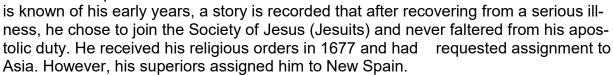
By José (Joe) Antonio López published in the Rio Grande Guardian December 3, 2017

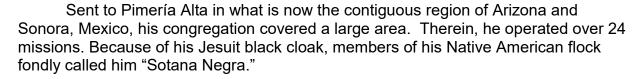
From almost the very moment that Spanish Europeans landed in what is today North America, religious leaders pressed their footprints on its soil.

From the entire length of the U.S. east coast, Florida, the Mississippi River (Rio Espíritu Santo), New Mexico, Texas, and on to California's Pacific Coast, priests helped lead the way.

Although mainstream history books deliberately withhold their key trailblazers' role, Catholic priests were in fact some of the first European explorers. Padre Kino (1645-1711) was such a person. Truly, he was one of New Spain's most dedicated and successful missionaries during the 1600s-1700s evangelization era in America.

Born Eusebius Chinus (Chini) in Northern Italy, "Kino" is the Spanish version of his Italian name. While little





Unfortunately, conventional U.S. history ignores Spanish Mexican human interface stories.

Dwelling far too much on the initial Spanish-Native American hostile confrontation itself, the predictable storyline takes two forms. One, Spanish explorers focused only on their search for gold. Two, missionaries were committed to converting indigenous people at all costs. In that respect, Father Kino doesn't fit the mold.



Father Kino was a self-fulfilled soul who did three things especially well during his assignment in the Southwest:

- (I) He was a missionary first, but at the same time took on the role of chief advocate for Native Americans. He often admonished Spanish government officials if their policies violated natives' human rights.
- (2), he vigorously opposed the use of indigenous people in the silver mines, and
- (3) A gifted mediator, he facilitated a peaceful end to long-standing native-onnative violence.

For that reason, he was highly sought after by clan chiefs and elders who used his effective communication skills to justly resolve simmering intra-tribal disputes, as well as long standing disagreements with other tribes. He quickly mastered the dialects of over sixteen diverse tribes.

Father Kino's favorite sermons dealt with how the Spanish people themselves at one time had been nonbelievers. In that aspect, he explained to his Native American audiences that ancient Spanish people had much in common with Native Americans. He often cited Saint James the Apostle and his travelling to Spain to give religious instruction to native Iberians, just as he was now doing in America. It is said that this particular approach was the reason he was warmly accepted to the Tucson region by the Sobaipuri (Pima) tribes.

Altogether, Father Kino set up nearly 30 missions, including nearly seventy-five stand-alone chapels, and baptized nearly 50,000 native converts. One of the missions is San Xavier del Bac in the Tohono O'odham territory, established by Father Kino in 1692. He is the first to record the name Tucson in Spanish in 1699, a Papago word, meaning "at the foot of the black mountain" (Sentinel Peak).

Father Kino was a first-rate explorer as well Yet very often, 16th and 17th century Spanish spiritual figures don't receive equal credit for their exploratory prowess and impact in different fields of study. For instance, Father Kino and his companion, Father Salvatierra, interviewed members of the Pima people as part of their anthropological studies. By studying sea shells the natives had received as trade with tribes living further west, he determined that they were seashells from the Pacific Ocean. Through this analysis, Father Kino reached the conclusion that California was a peninsula, rather than an island, as had previously been thought.

In addition to being a successful missionary and explorer, Padre Kino was also an accomplished cartographer and astronomer. Relying on his map-making skills, he sketched accurate maps of Arizona that are still admired today.

Father Kino's astronomy interests were extraordinary, as well. For example, while waiting to depart to America in Cádiz, Spain, his fascination with the stars contributed to that field of study.

The year 1680 marks the first time that a comet was observed by telescope. While the comet was eventually named for Gottfried Kirch, a German astronomer, Father Kino is the one who meticulously charted the comet's movements across the sky. His detailed observations motivated Father Kino to publish his findings in a book he entitled "Exposición Astronómica del Cometa." It is recognized as one of the first technical publications printed in America. The book was stimulating enough to inspire New Spain's Sor Juana Ines de la Cruz to write a sonnet honoring the cosmic event.

Additionally, Father Kino was an adept writer, mathematician, and miner. The fact remains that America's Christianity roots are much more multifaceted than main-stream history books lead us to believe. Here in Texas, several intrepid padres have equally earned their place in early exploration history. They include Fathers Margil, Morfi, Francisco Hidalgo, Olivares, and so many more.

Before ending this article, I must offer a sense of perspective. Padre Kino's story carries enormous emotional weight for Mestizo people. Clearly, the momentous clash between the Spanish Europeans and Native Americans was hostile. Justly, our full-blooded Native American brethren have every right to never forget the deracinating impact on their heritage.

Yet, neither can U.S. citizens of Spanish Mexican/Native American-descent forget that this historic meeting was a true melting pot, blending the two cultures from opposite sides of the Atlantic Ocean into one people. Said another way, it gave birth to our Mestizo family tree, whose fruit (descendants) in the U.S. are well beyond thirty million strong and growing.

In summary, Sotana Negra, his fellow missionary brothers, and religious sisters helped engrave New Spain's lasting influence in what is now the U.S. Southwest and its people. The result?

This part of Old Mexico — California, Arizona, New Mexico, Nevada, southern Utah, Colorado, and Texas shares dual Spanish European and Native American traits.

In short, the brown skin we inherited from our Native American ancestors represents the *barro* (clay) of the Southwest, forever tying us to the land.

In that respect, the words of historian H.E. Bolton are most fitting: "In short, the Southwest is as Spanish Mexican in color and historical background as New England is Puritan, as New York is Dutch, or as New Orleans is French." Truer words have rarely been spoken.

Printed with permission from <u>La Granda</u> the newsletter of Order of Granaderos y Damas de Gálvez, San Antonio Chapter January, 2018.



On 15 November 2017, three generations of the Guilbeau family were inducted into the Attakapas Chapter at Lafayette, LA. The patriarch, Larry J. Guilbeau, his son, Todd J. Guilbeau, and his four grandkids, Grant J. (14), Gavin J. (12), Gage M. (8), and Garron M. (4), were sponsored by Compatriot Anthony R. Romero (left), of the Attakapas Chapter.

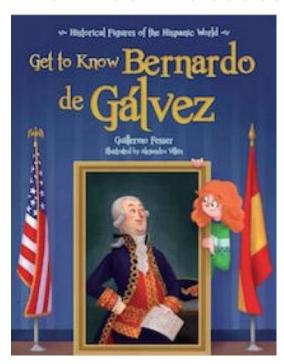
The close-knit Guilbeau family lives in the area of Cecilia and Arnaudville in south-western Louisiana. The Guilbeaus are descendants of their Patriot ancestor, Charles Guilbeau of Acadie, Canada, who was deported by the British in the 1750's from his homeland (like thousands of other Acadians) for refusing to take the Oath of Loyalty to England during the French and Indian War, and for refusing to give up his Catholic faith.

Charles Guilbeau, after many, many hardships, found his way to Louisiana where he settled and raised his family in what was then known as the country of the Attakapas. This area is located along the Teche bayou in southwestern Louisiana, and the center of it is today St. Martinville, in St. Martin parish.

Serving in the Attakapas Post militia as a loyal subject of Spain, his unit was called to duty in August of 1779 following Spain's declaration of war on England. His and other Louisiana militia units under the command of General Bernardo de Gálvez, Governor-General of the Spanish province of Louisiana, launched an attack on the British outpost at Baton Rouge, and after a well-orchestrated siege, forced its surrender.

You may well believe that Charles Guilbeau must have felt a savage kind of glee in this action, as did other Acadians in Louisiana's militias. Today, many hundreds of Acadian descendants in Louisiana and elsewhere are members of, or potential members, of the SAR and DAR as the result of their patriots having fought against the English in 1779-81 in Louisiana and in Florida.

New Book Introduces Kids to Bernardo de Gálvez



Guillermo Fesser is a journalist from Spain who has been living in the U.S. for about a decade. He had been looking for stories to tell about Spanish speaking heroes for young Latinos living in the states. "Suddenly I found, 2 years ago, that someone was trying to hang a painting of a Hispanic general on Capitol Hill, who helped George Washington win the Revolutionary War against the British. And I said 'What?!' I researched that story as a journalist and I realized yes, we have a general, who spoke Spanish, who came from Spain and led an army of Latin American people, who was crucial to helping Washington win that war." The article may be seen at the web address below. http://americareadsspanish.

For The Space of Twenty Days...

Continental Marines Under the Command of General Gálvez

By Joe Perez

November is a special month for the U.S. Marines. "Resolved that two battalions of Marines be raised..." begins the resolution passed by the Continental Congress that created the Marines on November 10, 1775. The Continental Marines disbanded in 1783 and were recreated in 1798 as the U.S. Marine Corps, however, the Corps celebrates its birthday on November 10th. The Continental Marines wore green coats with high leather collars which gave them the nickname "Leathernecks". Granadero Bill Bowlin, who served in the Marine Corps, dons the uniform of the Continental Marines who served under the command of General Bernardo de Gálvez.



General Gálvez provided a ship to Continental Navy Captain William Pickles to replace one that was lost in a hurricane. The new schooner had the same name as the one it replaced, Morris. While Pickles was the Captain, Lieutenant Daniel Longstreet commanded the Marines on board. The crew of the Morris was ordered to harass the British at every opportunity on Lake Pontchartrain. For two years, the British sloop, HMS West Florida, had held command of Lake Pontchartrain. Then on September 10, 1779, the Morris encountered the West Florida and after a brief skirmish, Pickles captured the British war sloop and took possession of it. One Spanish report read, "It is unbelievable that he should have captured it" because the West Florida was much better equipped with more cannons than the Morris.

After the Battle of Lake Pontchartrain, Captain Pickles, on his new sloop, West Florida, was given orders to join the Spanish fleet "for the space of twenty days or longer if necessary, or requested by the Commander in Chief of the Spanish fleet." This may be the first instance of American troops serving under a foreign command. Continental Marines fought bravely at the Battle of Mobile and later at the Battle of Pensacola, assisting General Gálvez in his Gulf Coast Campaign against the British. Resolution passed by the Second Continental Congress on November 10, 1775:



Resolution passed by the Second Continental Congress on November 10, 1775:

"Resolved, That two battalions of Marines be raised consisting of one colonel, two lieutenant colonels, two majors, and other officers, as usual in other regiments; that they consist of an equal number of privates with other battalions; that particular care be taken that no persons be appointed to office, or enlisted into said battalions but such as are good seamen, or so acquainted with maritime affairs as to be able to serve with advantage by sea when required; that they be enlisted and commissioned to serve for and during the present war with Great Britain and the colonies,

unless dismissed by order of Congress; that they be distinguished by names of First and Second Battalions of American Marines, and that they be considered as part of the number which the Continental Army before Boston is ordered to consist of."

LASSAR Happenings 2018

March 1, 2018	National Spring Leadership Meeting—Louisville, KY
March 3, 2018	Louisiana CAR Conferenc, Lake Charles, LA
March 16-17, 018	Louisiana DAR 109th State Conference, Baton Rouge, LA Mississippi SAR State Conference, Olive Branch, MS
March 23-24, 2018	Tennessee SAR State Conference, Knoxville, TN
April 20-21, 2018	LSSAR State Conference, Baton Rouge, LA TBA
July 13-18, 2018	128th Annual SAR Conference, Houston, TX

Díd you know!

SAR approves future Congress locations:

Houston, TX in 2018 Costa Mesa, CA in 2019 Norfolk or Richmond, VA in 2020 Washington State (possibly Seattle) in 2021

And, the 2026 Congress, honoring our nation's 250 birthday, will be in Philadelphia, PA

In case you can't remember:

New Applications: \$115.00 to NASSAR & \$19.00 to LASSAR; Family Plan (additional applications submitted at the same time and within three generations) NSSAR \$65, LASSAR \$19. NASSAR dues went up \$5 for 2016 and will apply for any applications submitted to national after Nov. 1, 2015

Supplemental: \$60.00 to NASSAR & \$7.00 to LASSAR – Family plan for supplemental: \$60.00 for first member and \$30.00 for other family member to NASSAR & \$7.00 to LASSAR

Note: National dues increased \$5 for 2016

Genealogy Notes

Clifford Normand, LASSAR Registrar

Patriot Research System

The SAR Patriot Record Index listing SAR patriot information was available under the Genealogy tab on the SAR website was recently upgraded and is now the **Patriot Research System**. Most LASSAR applications submitted since 2004 had been entered in the database; however, some data was lost during a change in administrators and must be replaced. Also, the format of the data entry has changed. I have been trying to update the lineages in the database. A problem is that only data checked on the record copy by the genealogy staff is to be entered in the database. This presents a problem is that particularly in supplemental applications or in lineages provided by different individuals may have omissions or contain conflicting information. The SAR genealogy staff is not staffed to resolve these conflicts

Application Preparation Guide

A new version of the Application Preparation Manual is now available at sar.org with new changes in red. A link can be found under the Genealogy dropdown menu under Genealogy Policies and Materials, or go to https://members.sar.org/media/uploads/pages/77/hu8LaHnCsV4f.pdf

The major change is the addition of about 3 ½ pages on DNA evidence.

Spelling of Patriot's Name.

Variation in the spelling of surnames demonstrates the creativity of the Revolutionary generation but can cause problems for applicants. The Application Preparation Manual states,

The Genealogy Staff usually uses the spelling found on the Service record. However, if a different spelling is used, a note needs to be submitted indicating which spelling the Applicant wants on his certificate. [p. 1]

The genealogist general has instructed staff genealogists not to follow automatically the DAR spelling of surnames. DAR, for indexing purposes, has made spellings uniform even if a family never used the spelling they have adopted. My Goodall family of Virginia never spelled the name "Goodale," but DAR renders it that way without any claim that the spelling is "correct." The SAR GRS will need to adopt a similar standardization so that users can find all applications concerning a family without having to initiate searches for each reasonable variation of a name.

<u>Problem with locations in sacramental records</u>

Those of using the published sacramental records often run into a problem where the church location is not checked as verified on the record copy. The problem arises is that usually the location code in the individual published record is listed in the front of the volume on a page (or more) and is not usually included in documentation. I suggest that applications using the sacramental records include at least one copy of the abbreviations in the documentation package.

FOR YOUR INFORMATION SOME CHANGES IN THE SAR GENEALOGY POLICIES

There have been many changes in the SAR Genealogy Policies in the last couple of years. Some of these changes are noted below. The complete genealogy policies are located on the SAR website. C. Normand, LASSAR Registrar, December, 2016.

E-mail from Patty Riemann, SAR Genealogist, December 13, 2016:

Good morning, all,

This email is going out to all state point of contacts in an effort to address the challenges we have been facing, particularly this past year, with the processing of your Supplementals largely because of a decline in the quality of documentation received with the applications sent in for review.

First, I want to thank each and every one of you for your hard work in the field. It is not easy being in the 'middle' and being a volunteer position, it can be quite thankless at times, as well. However, rest assured we appreciate, so much, the effort you put into working with us and also with your local chapters and members. Much can be accomplished when we all work together.

Please feel free to share this information with your leadership, including chapter registrars, and most importantly, please disseminate this information to your local memberships so that all understand what is needed for us in headquarters, with limited staff, (one full-time, being myself, and one part time genealogist, Leslie Miller) to efficiently process your applications in a timely manner.

First, all of the Supplementals we receive are piggy-backing off of previous applications which have been approved through the years. An important policy to please review with your member base is SAR Policy #3.5004 entitled 'Documents Inadmissible in Evidence' as follows (located on our website):

Policy #3.5004 DOCUMENTS INADMISSIBLE IN EVIDENCE

- "3.5004 Documents Inadmissible in Evidence. Documents that state beliefs or conclusions, but for which acceptable sources of the information cannot be determined, cannot be considered as evidence for establishing Revolutionary service, lineage or dates and places of birth, death, and marriage. Such documents include, but are not limited to:
- * *Newspaper accounts* published well after lifetimes of the persons or events that are subjects of the account, unless sources that are admissible can be determined.

- * *Information added to transcripts* or abstracts of vital records or tombstone inscriptions. This includes narrative added to or in lieu of posted tombstone photographs.
- * *Published accounts*, including family histories, local histories, biographical dictionaries, and newspaper articles which are not contemporary with the persons or events being reported, unless sources that are admissible can be determined. This includes, but is not limited to, accounts which relate family tradition or conclusions without presentation or citation of admissible evidence.
- * *Undocumented family trees* and Genealogical Data Communications (GEDCOMS).
- * Compilations of vital statistics drawing from inadmissible sources, such as the International Genealogical Index (IGI) and the U.S. and International Marriage Records, 1560-1900.
- * Pages printed from the SAR Patriot and Grave Search and DAR Genealogical Research System and similar summaries.
- * *Unpublished transcriptions* or abstracts of wills or other legal documents posted online.
- * Unsupported information from prior applications.

Please pay particular attention to the last bullet point above, 'Unsupported information from prior applications'.

What this means is that if we do not have a currently acceptable document per SAR policies somewhere onsite (either in our record files or sent with the supplemental for review) then we must stop the processing and a) 'look' for the documentation to try to assist the application and b) 'pend' the application if what is needed cannot be located.

A reminder: Prior to the mid 1970's when SAR headquarters moved from Washington D.C. to Louisville, Kentucky, little to 'no' documentation survived the move. In these cases, we are in a 'creation' mode as if the application is being submitted for the first time, needing proof of lineage and service.

Policy #5.4000 ADMISSIBLE EVIDENCE FOR PROOF OF LINEAGE

- "5.4000 Admissible Evidence for Proof of Lineage. Lineage and dates and places of birth, death, and marriage must be proven by providing documentation that traces the source of information back to a person who had personal knowledge of the relationship or event, or an institutional source keeping records at the time, such as a government, church, or funeral home. Personal knowledge does not require that a person have been an eyewitness. For example, an ancestor did not remember his or her own birth, but usually had personal knowledge of the identity of his parents and siblings. Admissible sources can include, but are not limited to:
- o *Government records*, such as vital records, probate records, land records, sworn testimony.

- o *Church records*, including birth, baptism, death, marriage, and burial records. Pages which identify the clergy officiating at or recording the event should be included.
- o *Other institutional records*, such as records of hospitals, funeral homes, cemeteries, and other institutions contemporary with the event
- o *Newspaper accounts that are contemporary* with persons, relationships, and events reported, including obituaries, wedding announcements, birth notices, articles that are derived from personal knowledge or admissible sources can be determined. The name, location, and date of the newspaper must be provided, preferably with a copy of a page bearing that information in addition to a copy of the page bearing the pertinent information.
- o *Family records, including Bibles* and letters containing names, relationships, and dates of births, deaths, and marriages, provided that the author was in a position to have knowledge of the information in question. Copies of original records provide stronger evidence than transcripts or abstracts. For records from Bibles or other books, the title page bearing the date of publication should be provided. All pages of a letter or a record of relationships and dates and places of birth, death, and marriage should be provided, even thosewhich pertain to people not the ancestors of the applicant. If information is available, the applicant should provide evidence and a written analysis as part of the documentation of who wrote the record, when it was written, and the provenance (of) the original record.
- o *Tombstone inscriptions*. Copies of inscriptions from tombstones erected in the time period of the death of the ancestor, with notation of the name and location of the cemetery, shall be accepted as evidence. Readable photographs are strongly preferred to transcriptions and abstracts.
- o *Affidavits of people having personal knowledge* of relationships or dates and places of birth, death, and marriage, or which provide such information and identify the sources who had such personal knowledge. Affidavits should not be submitted by an applicant to prove information about himself unless that information is unavailable in other admissible records, such as a discrepancy between the name of the applicant and a birth father in cases of adoption when records are sealed. In such cases written details about the unavailability are required and should be included in the sworn statement.
- o *Published books that provide transcripts*, abstracts, summaries or quotations of the above records, or information personally known to the author are admissible as evidence. The applicant is to provide a copy of the title page and date of publication, and any pages with pertinent information about sources, and headings that are relevant to understanding the evidence such as the title of a list that is transcribed. However, an applicant must submit copies of the source material rather than pages from a book that he or a member of his immediate family authored,
- o *DNA evidence can only be used as one element* of a genealogical proof argument that includes additional conventional proof of the lineage. Neither autosomal nor Y-DNA tests alone prove a descent from a specific individual. A DNA test can show with high probability that two individuals are related, but fail to determine whether the father was a particular individual, a sibling of that individual, or a cousin. In some cases, some parts of a document may be admissible while other parts are not."

The above documentation stated is what we, as genealogists, are in need of, either sent in with the applications or onsite, in order to process your applications in a timely manner. Both of these policies can be found on our website under the Genealogy heading.

Lastly, in our **APPLICATION PREPARATION MANUAL** on **page 23**, we find the following:

"SAR RECORD COPY - Provide the SAR number and the name of the patriot. Note: a copy of the SAR Record Copy is not needed (but largely appreciated) since the GenealogyStaff has access to it already. However, it may be required for use by the State and Chapter Registrars in the verification process."

"SAR RC 156801 - Samuel Hoard"

What we are receiving, for the most part, is the SAR member number with no patriot name listed (which requires us leafing through multiple supplementals either online or physically in our record file room, depending on the 'age' of the previous application/s, to ascertain which application to use - a huge time factor here just to prepare to review the application.)

As an FYI... We file by Patriot Name and Member number. I would ask for everyone to please adhere to the above instruction, even though this has not yet made its way into our policy manual. You can well imagine the time it takes to peruse every application to see which is most appropriate for use. Some of our members have scores of applications, a most timely endeavor.

In closing, I would like to say that we are here to serve you and please do not hesitate to contact us if we may be of any service to your or your membership. The processing of applications takes a team effort with all of us working together to ensure that our SAR policies are adhered to so that we may leave a quality and lasting legacy to those who will, undoubtedly, come after us.

Thank you for your attention and for your assistance and have a very Merry Christmas!

Best regards, Patty

Patty Riemann
Supplemental Staff Genealogist
NSSAR
809 W. Main Street
Louisville, KY 40202
(502) 588-6137
priemann@sar.org>

"It is indeed a desirable thing to be well descended but the glory belongs to our ancestors." - Plutarch



QUICK FACTS ABOUT THE VIETNAM MEMORIAL WALL

The Vietnam Memorial Wall

A little history most people will never know, but everyone should know these facts - everyone must wonder how a 15 year old ended up in the US military and dead on the Vietnam battlefield.

Interesting Veterans Statistics off the Vietnam Memorial Wall.

There are 58,267 names now listed on that polished black wall, including those added in 2010.

The names are arranged in the order in which they were taken from us by date and within each date the names are alphabetized. It is hard to believe it is 57 years since the first casualty.

The first known casualty was Richard B. Fitzgibbon, of North Weymouth, Mass. Listed by the U.S.Department of Defense as having been killed on June 8, 1956. His name is listed on the Wall with that of his son, Marine Corps Lance Cpl. Richard B. Fitzgibbon III, who was killed on Sept. 7, 1965.

There are three sets of fathers and sons on the Wall.

39,996 on the Wall were just 22 or younger.

8,283 were just 19 years old.

The largest age group, 33,103 were 18 years old.

12 soldiers on the Wall were 17 years old.

5 soldiers on the Wall were 16 years old.

One soldier, PFC Dan Bullock was 15 years old.

997 soldiers were killed on their first day in Vietnam ...

1,448 soldiers were killed on their last day in Vietnam ..

31 sets of brothers are on the Wall.

Thirty one sets of parents lost two of their sons.

54 soldiers attended Thomas Edison High School in Philadelphia . I wonder why so many from one school.

8 Women are on the Wall, Nursing the wounded.

244 soldiers were awarded the Medal of Honor during the Vietnam War; 153 of them are on the Wall.

Beallsville, Ohio with a population of 475 lost 6 of her sons.

West Virginia had the highest casualty rate per capita in the nation. There are 711 West Virginians on the Wall.

The Marines of Morenci - They led some of the scrappiest high school football and basketball teams that the little Arizona copper town of Morenci (pop. 5,058) had ever known and cheered. They enjoyed roaring beer busts. In quieter moments, they rode horses along the Coronado Trail, stalked deer in the Apache National Forest . And in the patriotic camaraderie typical of Morenci's mining families, the nine graduates of Morenci High enlisted as a group in the Marine Corps. Their service began on Independence Day, 1966. Only 3 returned home.

The Buddies of Midvale - Leroy Taffy, Jimmy Martinez, Tom Gonzales were all boyhood friends and lived on three consecutive streets in Midvale, Utah on Fifth, Sixth and Seventh avenues. They lived only a few yards apart. They played ball at the adjacent sandlot ball field. And they all went to Vietnam . In a span of 16 dark days in late 1967, all three would be killed. Leroy was killed on Wednesday, Nov. 22, the fourth anniversary of John F. Kennedy's assassination. Jimmy died less than 24 hours later on Thanksgiving Day. Tom was shot dead assaulting the enemy on Dec. 7, Pearl Harbor Remembrance Day.

The most casualty deaths for a single day was on January 31, 1968 ~ 245 deaths.

The most casualty deaths for a single month was May 1968 - 2,415 casualties were incurred.

For most Americans who read this they will only see the numbers that the Vietnam War created. To those of us who survived the war, and to the families of those who did not, we see the faces, we feel the pain that these numbers created. We are, until we too pass away, haunted with these numbers, because they were our friends, fathers, husbands, wives, sons and daughters. There are no noble wars, just noble warriors.

Please pass this on to those who served during this time, and those who DO Care.

I've also sent this to those I KNOW do care very much, and I thank you for caring as you do.

--

TO HELL WITH "POLITICAL CORRECTNESS" JUST BRING ON TONS OF POLITENESS, HONESTY, RESPECTFULNESS, LOVE, CARING, CHARITY AND KINDNESS TO ONE ANOTHER

A PRESIDENTIAL PATRIOTIC MESSAGE "BOTH POLITICIANS AND DIAPERS NEED TO BE CHANGED OFTEN AND FOR THE SAME REASON!" President Ronald Reagan











Attending the Oliver Pollock SAR Meeting in Lake Charles on September 30, 2017 are Samuel Manuel, President of Oliver Pollock SAR, Barbara Guillory, Louisiana Bayou Chapter, LSDAR Registrar, Lynda Normand, John James Audubon DAR, and Cliff Normand, Philemon Thomas SAR and LSSAR Registrar. The emphasis of the meeting was on encouraging SAR membership

Díd you know?



The Boston Tea Party happened in December 1773. Anti-Loyalist called the "Sons of Liberty" dressed as Native Americans and dumped approximately 90,000 pounds (34 chests worth) of ea into the Boston harbor to protest taxation without representation.

However **did you know** that they reenacted the event a year later—on a much smaller scale and with a lot less fanfare.

Louisiana SAR Holds Spring Meeting in Natchitoches January 27, 2018

The Louisiana SAR held their Spring Board of Directors Meeting at Merci Beaucoup in Natchitoches on January 27, 2018. In addition to the normal reports from the chapter presidents and committee chairmen, Bo Vets was presented the Patriot Grave Marking Medal by President Grace and state Graves Committee Chairman Steve Ray. The Ladies Auxiliary was present and Cheryl Morock told of plans for the April meeting. Chris Achee presented the General Philemon Thomas Chapter basket for the auction. President Grace then presented medals to members of the Ladies Auxiliary for their recruitment efforts.











2017 LASSAR Officers

President:Henry Grace (GPT)hgrace5366@aol.com1st VP:Tony Vets (NAT)tonyvets@bellsuth.net

2nd VP: Gerald Schroeder (EM)
3rd VP: John Francois (ATT)

Secretary: Chris Achee (GPT) <u>c.w.achee@gmail.com</u>

Asst. Sec: VACANT

Treasurer: Jim Schneider (GW) <u>ELvieaug02@aol.com</u>

Chaplain: Rev. Ken Domingue (ATT)

Chancellor: John McKay (GPT) <u>jmckay@mckaylawfirm.net</u>

Surgeon: Richard Dickey, M.D. (PG) finoo@charter.net

Registrar: Clifford Normand (GPT) CNormand2181@yahoo.com

Historian: VACANT

Genealogist: James Jones (GAL) jimjones09@gmail.com

LASSAR Chairman appointed for SAR Library.

Chris Achee of the General Philemon Thomas Chapter, LASSAR as our state point of

contact for the NSSAR

Genealogical Library. He will keep us informed of items of

interest to our state society as well as being our advocate for the NSSAR

Genealogical Library.

His contact is:

Christopher Achee

38244 Mindi Ct.

Gonzales, LA. 70737-6086

(225) 229-0838

c.w.achee@gmail.com

Directors:

Stan Hardee (ATT)
Jim Padgett (BT) jamesjlab@comcast.net

Charles A. Riddle III (EM)

Tom Williams (GAL) <u>tnewtwns@gmail.com</u>

A.D. Riley (GPT)

Norman Umholtz (GW) <u>numholtz@aol.com</u> Hamilton, Fred (JH) <u>fredh@suddenlink.net</u>

Bill Finical (NAT) Andy Buckley (OP) Rodney McKelroy (PGR)

Past Presidents:

Leonard Rohrbough (PGR)
James Morock, MD (EM)
Tony Vets (NAT)
Steve Ray (JH)
Bob Hess (ATT)
Jerry Haynes (OP)

liontree@bellsouth.net
jamkma@aol.com
tonyvets@bellsouth.net
Kermitt1141@aol.com
robert.hess@lusfiber.net
jerrhayn@yahoo.com

Tony L. "Bo" Vets, II. (EM)

National Trustees from the Southern District:

Trustee: Tony L Vets, II (EM) <u>bogator1228@aol.com</u>
Alt. Trustee: Henry Grace (GPT) <u>hgrace3566@aol.com</u>

bogator1228@aol.com

If you have any news you'd like to have included in the next PELICAN PATRIOT, send it to Fred Hamilton at fredh@suddenlink.net.

ALEXANDRIA - Enemund Meuillion Chapter

K. Michael Sawrie, Pres. - mike.sawrie@yahoo.com Brent Morock, Sec. – tegrecon@gmail.com Website - http://sites.google.com/site/emclassar Meets every other monthly at noon on 3rd Saturday, plus October @ Copeland's Restaurant, Alexandria

BATON ROUGE - General Philemon Thomas Chapter Christopher W. Achee, Pres. - c,w,achee@gmail.com Greg Lindsly, Sec. - greglindsly@yahoo.com Website - www.sarbr.com Monthly at noon at Baton Rouge Country Club, Baton Rouge

MANDEVILLE/COVINGTON -

Pierre Georges Rousseau Chapter Joel R. Whitehead, Pres. - joel@jwhiteheadassociaes.com Richard Dickey, MD, Sec./Treas. - finooo@charter.net Meets April, September & December

Contact Chapter for more information

LAKE CHARLES - Oliver Pollock Chapter

Samuel Manuel, Pres. - sammanuel@peoplepc.com Steve Carnahan, Sec. - Steve@carnahan.com No regular meetings – Memorial Day Avenue of Flags Contact Chapter for more information

LAFAYETTE - Attakapas Chapter

Michael Lunsford, Pres.. – michaellunsford@me.com Art Schafer, Sec. - aschafer7@aol.com Meet Monthly, except March, June, July, & August on 3rd Thursday @ Don's Seafood, Lafayette 6pm

MONROE - Benjamin Tennille Chapter King Scott, MD, Pres. - kingscot@bayou.com Marcel H. Bloch, Sec. - marcbud@comcast.net

Meets monthly at noon on 2nd Monday @ Jade Garden Restaurant, Monroe

NATCHITOCHES – Natchitoches Chapter

Charles "Sandy" McNeely, Pres. - colgrampaw@aol.com Truman Maynard, Sec. - trumaynard@suddenlink.net Monthly at noon on 3rd Saturday @ Merci-Beaucoup Restaurant, Natchitoches

NEW ORLEANS - George Washington Chapter

Bradley T. Hayes, Pres. - bthayesesq@gmail.com Bradley Hayes, Jr, Sec. - <u>bthayesesq@gmail.com</u> Meets monthly @ 11:30 a.m. on2nd t Wednesday at two-tonys.com at 8536 Pontchartrain Blvd. New Orleans, La phone 504-282-0801.

SHREVEPORT- Galvez Chapter

Richard Corbett, Pres. - riichard.corbett@caddosheriff.org Thomas N. Williams, Sec. - tnewtwms@gmail.com Meets monthly at 11:30 am on 3rd Tuesday @ Shreveport Club, Shreveport

WEST MONROE - James Huey Chapter Theodore H. Brode, Pres. - tbrode@comcast.net Steve Ray, Sec.— Kermitt1141@aol.com Meets monthly on 4th Tuesday (Except Dec. & Feb.) @ BBQ West, West Monroe 7:00PM

Díd You Know?

Louisiana Society Sons of the American Revolution is in the NSSAR Southern District. Other states in this District are: Alabama. Mississippi, and Tennessee. Check out the Southern District Webpage at http://

www.tnssar.org/sd-sar.htm

LASSAR's Pelican Patriot William F. "Fred" Hamilton, Editor 1711 Broadway Ave Ruston LA 71270 Email: fredh@suddenlink.net

Phone: 318-255-1946 (home)

Visit the LASSAR WEBSITE @ www.lassar.org



SUPPORT OUR YOUTH PROGRAMS! WIN TWO NIGHTS AT THE BELL OF BATON ROUGE HOTEL

APRIL 20 AND 21, 2018 TICKETS \$25.00

ON SALE AT THE REGISTRATION TABLE AND THROUGHOUT THE MEETING AND BANQUET

THE LADIES AUXILIARY PRESENTS

TWO OUTSTANDING COLONIAL FLAG SAMPLERS

CROSS STITCHED BY ANNE MITCHELL





APPROXIMATELY 16" X 13" FRAMED

STAY TUNED FOR DETAILS!



The 2018 CAR State Conference meeting held March 3, 2018 at the Calcasieu Parish Public Library in Lake Charles, LA. State President is Catherine Cagle Kaough and Mrs. Katie A. Lombardino is Senior State President.

Louisiana Society C.A.R. had a great 2017! We set a membership goal of "18 for 2018" which was to gain 18 new members by the 2018 National Convention. We have met that goal and have additional prospective members working on applications. We continue to encourage DAR and SAR members to help us grow! Our State President, Cagle Kaough, has promoted her project of "Looking for Lafayette" within our state society to encourage all members to learn more about the contributions and influence of the Marquis de Lafayette in the American Revolution

We will have four members attending the N.S.C.A.R. National Convention in April. We are very excited that we will have both the outgoing and incoming state president in attendance.

APPLICATION FOR MEMBERSHIP AS A DIPLOMATE FELLOW of the

TEXAS GENEALOGICAL COLLEGE (Members receive a distinctive Certificate as a TGC Diplomatic Fellow)

I,			, hereby	apply for	member-
ship as a DIPL contact inforn	OMATE FELL	OW of the			
street address	S:				
City:		; Stat	te		_, Zip
Home phone:		Cell p	hone		_E-mail
Face Book Pa	ge	_	Web :	site	
I hereby certif as the preside	ent or principa	I officer of	F	-	_
I certify that I					
during that pe					My title
As proof of my	, aligibility as	of Dinlom	otio Follow	Loubmit	conics of
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Proof of service	ce as State Pr	esident/Go	overnor/Reg	ent:	
Proof of servic	ce as a Nation	al Officer/	Trustee:		
Signature of A	pplicant:				
Attached is m	y check for \$1	15.00 to co	over adminis	strative &	certificate
Mail to	Теха	s Genealo	gical Colleg	e	
	PO Box 170			•	
	24165 IH-10	0			
	Suite 217-1	70			

San Antonio, TX 78257

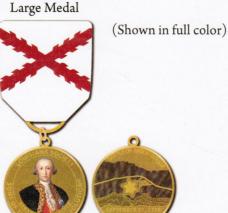
APPLICATION FOR MEMBERSHIP AS A Member of the TEXAS GENEALOGICAL COLLEGE (TGC)

l,			, hereby apply for
membership in t as follows:	he Texas Genealogio	cal College. My	, hereby apply for contact information is
street address: _			
City:	, Zip	; State	_
			E
)		Web site
except for paymer l belong to the fo	t there are no require ent of dues. ollowing genealogica		nbership in the TGC
I am a member o	of the following linea	_	
Attached is my c	check for my 2017 du	- ues in the amoບ	ınt of \$25.00
Mail to	Texas Genea Private Mail E 24165 IH-10 Suite 217-170 San Antonio,)	



The Louisiana Society Sons of the American Revolution proudly presents the Louisiana Society State Medal, honoring cherished Patriot and esteemed leader, General Bernardo de Galvez, and his vital contributions, as well as those of Spain, to the War for Independence. The reverse side of the medal features one of General Galvez's victories at the Battle of Baton Rouge. Among other victories are those at Manchac, Natchez, Mobile, Pensacola and St. Louis. The medal may be purchased and worn by any active member of the SAR, not limited to the members of LASSAR, nor to the descendents of the Galvez Patriots. Only medal sets (large and mini medals) are being produced (after pre-order sales) @ \$40 per set (postage included).

Note: Actual medal is not in color. Ribbon drape is the red Cross of Burgundy on white background. The medal is bronze-colored with 3-D figures and inscriptions.





Note: Medals may be worn by pin mount or by bar mount.

(Detach bottom portion and mail with payment. Please print clearly.)

LASSAR Galvez Medal Order Form (pre-order sale)

Name:	Please make check or money order payable to:
NSSAR Member No.:	Enemund Meullion Chapter SAR
Mailing Address:	Mail order form with payment to:
Phone: Home ()	James A. Morock, Sr. MD 3915 Maywood St. Alexandria, LA 71302-2526
Work () Cell ()	_
Email Address:	For more info call: (318) 442-5776
Number of Medal Sets ordered:(\$40 per set	or email: jamkma@aol.com
Total payment enclosed (postage included):	

SAR BERNARDO DE GALVEZ LARGE Medal

W/REGISTRATION MARKS @





Medal Specifications

32 mm x 32 mm x 3 mm, Soft Enamel, 3-sides Polishing, and 3-sides Brushing

Ribbon Specifications

37 mm x35 mm, Attachment - 2 long posts on metal plate

The dimension and size of both ribbon and medals to comply with the regulations prescribed by the National Society of the Sons of the American Revolution.

SAR BERNARDO DE GALVEZ MINI Medal

W/REGISTRATION MARKS ®



Medal specifications

18 mm x 18 mm x 2 mm, Soft Enamel, 3 -sides Polishing, and 3-sides Brushing

Ribbon Specifications

17 mm x 35 mm, Attachment – 2 long posts on medal plate

The dimension and size of both ribbon and medals to comply with the regulations prescribed by the National Society of the Sons of the American Revolution.

SOUTHERN DISTRICT SAR MEMBERSHIP MEDAL



The Southern District SAR Membership Medal was approved, as submitted, by the 2015 SAR Medals and Awards committee at the Spring Leadership meeting in Louisville. The VPG will have medals for sale.

The Medal is available, without restriction, to any member of the Alabama, Louisiana, Mississippi and/or Tennessee societies. As planned, 100 medals were presold and ordered for production. Distribution will begin at the Southern District SAR Meeting at Congress. A new District Logo is a residual benefit.

Proceeds from the sale of the medal will support the Walter Buchanan "Buck" Meek Award Fund that recognizes the state society with the largest numerical increase of George Washington Endowment Fund members. Special thanks are extended to the District Logo/Emblem Committee who made this possible – Michael P. Schenk (MS), Chair, Thomas E. Jacks (LA), James K. Stone (TN), James (Jim) J. Thweatt (TN), Thomas Robert (Bob) Thomas (AL), and Michael (Mike) C. Wells (AL). Also, I am especially appreciative that the Valentine Sevier SAR Chapter and its Treasurer Cleo G. Hogan agreed to serve the Treasury role during initial medals sales.





The Ladies Auxiliary of the Louisiana Society Sons of the American



For any additional information, please contact: Cheryl G. Morock

The Board of Directors of the Ladies Auxiliary met on Saturday, January 27, 2018 at Merci Beaucoup Restaurant in Natchitoches. We discussed ways of increasing our membership. We currently have 49 members from 7 of the 10 LASSAR chapters. There are no members from the Lake Charles, Monroe and Shreveport chapters. We now have paper invitations available for mailing to prospective members. Any current Auxiliary member who brings in 5 new members will be awarded the Martha Washington Medal. Remember that Auxiliary members do not have to be related by blood or by marriage to an SAR member.

The Ladies Auxiliary raises funds for the LASSAR Youth Awards Programs. Last year we donated \$2000 for this purpose. This year, we have a new fundraising item that is sure to be a great source of revenue. We are selling chances to win a two night stay at the Belle of Baton Rouge Hotel for the LASSAR Annual State Meeting on Friday, April 20, 2018 and Saturday, April 21, 2018. Tickets are \$25.00 each. They were available at the Board of Directors meeting and will be sold on Friday and on Saturday at the Annual State Meeting. A check for the exact amount of the two nights plus tax at the SAR rate for April 20 and April 21, 2018, will be presented to the winner at the evening banquet. This is a great opportunity to win a free stay for the Annual State Meeting and to support the Youth Awards Programs.

Anne Mitchell of James Huey Chapter in West Monroe and of the Galvez Chapter in Texas has generously donated to us two outstanding Colonial Flag Samplers. Anne put in 150 hours of work cross stitching these specifically for us! We have framed them and will be offering them separately. Framed samplers are approximately 16" X 13" (see photos below). We will be selling tickets for a chance to win each of these at a later date. Stay tuned for details!

Now is the time to procure something for the Silent Auction. We hope that all of the LASSAR chapters will participate this year by donating an item for auction and/or by giving a cash donation. Individuals may also donate something for the auction in their own names. Items will be available for bidding on Friday evening (April 20) and all day on Saturday (April 21) until cutoff time during the Banquet. Please come to the Annual State Meeting and BID, BID! It is for a very good cause, our Youth Programs!

The Ladies Auxiliary will once again be handling registration at the Annual State Meeting in Baton Rouge on Friday afternoon from 3:00 - 5:00 PM and on Saturday morning from 7:00 - 8:00 AM. Please look for information on the Room Raffle and on the Colonial Flag Samplers in the LASSAR Registration Packet.

The General Membership Meeting of the Ladies Auxiliary will be held on Saturday, April 21 at 9:00 AM at the Belle of Baton Rouge Hotel.



Ladies Auxiliary

of the

Louisiana Society

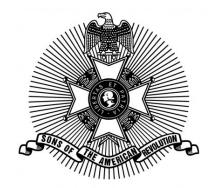
Sons of the American Revolution





Name:	
Street Address:	
City, State, Zip:	
Telephone:	
E-Mail:	
Husbands Name:	
SAR Member:	
NSSAR Membership #:	
Chapter:	
Relationship:	
Annual Dues - \$10.00	Mail to:
Life Member Dues - \$100.00	Karen B. Vets
Amount Paid	504 Oak St.
Date:	Colfax, LA 71417

Make checks payable to: Ladies Auxiliary - LASSAR



Louisiana Society Sons of the American Revolution Convention Registration Form

Friday evening April 20, 2018 and Saturday April 21, 2018 President Henry Grace 5366 Wilderness Baton Rouge, LA 70817 President@lassar.org - 225-445-5096 FAX 225-924-2420

www.lassar.org

BELLE OF BATON ROUGE HOTEL AND ATRIUM
102 FRANCE STREET - DOWNTOWN BATON ROUGE
www.belleofbatonrouge.com - 800-676-4847
\$89.00 ROOM RATE plus tax (14%) till April 5, 2018

Friday Afternoon MEET AND GREET GATHERING

Registration - Ascension Room April 20, 2018 from 5:00PM to 8:00Pm Wine and cheese with cash bar

Saturday April 21, 2018

Registration - Ascension Room 7:00AM to 1:00PM
Breakfast 7:00AM to 10:00AM Ascension Room
Southern District Meeting 8:00AM to 9:00AM Livingston Room
LASSAR Annual Meeting 9:00AM to 1:00PM Livingston Room
Wreath Laying Ceremony 1:00PM to 5:30PM
Installation Banquet 7:00PM to 9:00PM Ascension Room
Cash Bar

- -1- All Activities each including \$75.00
 Registration, Meet and Greet, Breakfast, Banquet (Fish or Pork)
 Meetings, Name Tag and gift bag
- -2- Registration only including Meet and Greet, Breakfast, Meetings, Name tag and gift bag \$30.00
- -3- Ladies Auxiliary and/or <u>Guests</u> \$50.00
 Registration, Meet and Greet, <u>Banquet (Fish or Pork)</u>, Name Tag and Gift Bag

Please put your choice of FISH or PORK on Check along with your email or Phone number. Send check made out to LASSAR by Friday April 13th to LASSAR

President Henry Grace 5366 Wilderness Drive Baton Rouge, LA 70817-2473